

# SEMI-WEEKLY INTERIOR JOURNAL.

VOL. XIX.

STANFORD, KY., TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 1891.

NO. 30

## Some Reasons for Rejecting the New Constitution

The committee on resolutions at the Lexington meeting reported the following:

We oppose the new constitution because the convention repudiated in the beginning the simple rule of construction; refused to give us the old constitution amended and constructed a new instrument altogether, changing the phraseology when it could change nothing else. By this course it will throw into confusion all the decisions of the courts relating to constitutional questions, and will open a new era of litigation, costly in its conduct, annoying in its effect, unsatisfactory in its conclusions.

Because the spirit pervading it is distrustful of the people and antagonistic to representative government.

It deals with the legislature as an enemy of the people, and denies to their representatives that dignity and authority essential to a proper balance between the three departments of government.

It restricts to an alarming degree the right of local self-government, which is the very life of free institutions.

It fails to recognize the distinction between "local legislation," which is essential to local progress, and "special grants of exclusive privileges" to individuals and corporations, which constitutes one of the recognized evils of the times.

It refuses to the counties the right to locate their public offices, and denies to the people of the counties the right to decide what taxes are essential to the public welfare.

It denies to counties and districts the right to regulate local affairs, and gives to the more populous counties a preponderating influence over the less populous counties in all matters relating to roads, fences, stock, bridges and saloons, and by a rough classification would govern all alike, regardless of local conditions, local opinion, or varying local needs, seeking to make "laws relating to counties uniform," though the necessities of the counties are widely different.

In the same manner it deprives our towns and cities of local self-government, ignoring their history, characters and the necessities of their situation. By this unwise and illogical method it intensifies the difficulties of municipal government; takes the power from the people themselves and centralizes it at the State capital; decides in advance for the city tax-payers what money they may contribute; limits the building of public works, and puts new obstacles in the path of municipal reform.

Under the pretence of regulating corporations, it destroys competition and perpetuates existing abuses.

Pretending to restrict the power of corporations, it limits the right of the individual to make contracts which are manifestly to his own personal advantage and without injury to the public.

Under the pretext of equalizing taxation, the new constitution reduces State revenues from banks \$114,000, and to make good this loss invades the homes of the poor and adds to the tax list \$90,000,000 made up of the necessary tools and farm implements and the household goods now exempt.

Without securing the reforms in our court system expected by the people, the convention has made changes that are serious in their character and harmful in their effects.

It has perpetuated the abuses of the fee system, which the Legislature was gradually reforming and has placed restrictions on the discretion of the Legislature that will make it impossible faithfully to adjust our judicial department to the requirements of a growing population.

Because of these momentous changes, because all of them are born of a distrust of the people, because they all involve a radical alteration of the principles of government which for 100 years have prevailed in Kentucky, we protest against and will not support the adoption of the new constitution, and we call upon all good citizens, regardless of party alliances and party dictation to go to the polls in August, and in the exercise of the highest prerogative of a free people, to review and reject the work of their representatives, who in convention assembled have magnified their commission, have ignored proper limitations upon their power, and have put into our organic law experiments which experience has already found hurtful, and other experiments which should be found only on our statutes if found anywhere.

Cook's Springs.—June 19th is opening day at Cook's Springs. Roads have been worked well; everything will be in good shape for the opening picnic. Splendid dinner and supper will be prepared. Two good musicians will be in attendance. Dancing both day and night. Plenty of shelter if it should rain. Everybody invited. Don't forget the day, Friday, June 19. Respectfully, J. F. Cook.

—Cosby and Sewell, Kentucky boys, bore off both the honors of West Point this year.

## HUSTONVILLE.

—W. G. Cowan bought a fancy saddle gelding of W. D. Stagg for \$150. Same sold a fine mare and mule colt to J. K. Baughman for \$250. Same sold to Allen Bros. a fancy harness gelding for \$200.

—The wheat fields are almost ready for the sickle and what little grass the meadows afford will soon invite the clatter of the mower. Weeds in corn fields are rapidly disappearing behind plows and hoes, but the clouds divide in sight of the extreme West End and there is little comfort in the muddy water sent down our streams from favored surroundings. Since the schools closed and farmers have found employment, the streets of our town are almost those of a deserted municipality.

—Wm. M. McKinney is roaming around Hustonville in quest of anything to ship to market, having cleaned up everything in his neighborhood. Mr. Arch Walker, of Point Level, Garrard county, and Jno. Lynn, Esq., of Maywood, spent three days with T. Carpenter and Gill Cowan exercising the red foxes of this locality. With 17 pedigreed fox hounds they made night hounds, but not a brush was exhibited as a trophy. Bill Reed is authority for the statement that they had a brace of well trained shepherds in the van to keep the sheep out of danger. Dave Allen gives fair warning that his shotgun is loaded to the middle thimble for the next batch of fox horn blowers who keep him awake all night.

—One of our handsomest gallants met the warmest reception of his eventful career a few mornings since. It transpired, to the chagrin of a trio of his girl friends, that they had been forgotten in the distribution of invitations to a dining, and with the aid and counsel of a sympathizing young dame or two, the discriminating young man was inveigled into a parlor on Main street in anticipation of getting the best of Emmett McCormack in a stock trade, when the door was closed behind him and one of the liveliest and most cordial applications of supple switches in fair hands began, and soon brought the penitent (?) to his knees in the most devout and fervent supplications for mercy that he ever uttered. His plaintive wails brought our town marshal in a run, but no sooner had he thrust his head through a window and grasped the situation than he fell back in contentment and encouraged the flagellation. "Mother has often found it necessary to counter irritate my back, but she never applied such blisters," was his cheerful assurance to friends after an application of fresh cream had soothed his agony.

—Miss Lizzie Bogle is home from Danville. Henry Cannitz is just back from Cumberland Falls, and says that he had the finest sport of his life. He is enthusiastic in praise of the Falls. A large crowd is booked for that resort at an early day. Miss Belle Cook is in charge of the domestic department at Falls. Miss Mat Dinwiddie has gone to Bloomfield, via Louisville. Miss Minnie Dinwiddie is at Cumberland Falls. Misses Lucy and Mattie Alcorn are home from school at Oxford, Ohio. Misses Georgia and Cora Snodgrass, of Kansas, are visiting at their uncle's, Mr. Florence Yowell's. Miss Helen Reid is again at home after a long visit in other States. Mr. Wm. Reid, Sr., and daughter-in-law, Mrs. John W. Reid, have returned from a six weeks' stay with relatives in Garrard and Madison counties. The old man had lots of fun fishing in the well stocked ponds of those counties, and nary solicitude about old Roan's capers or John Dyer's criticisms. Mr. Ira Logan and wife were here last week after a long interval. Master George Bohon returned to Danville yesterday after ten days' rustication with his cousin Horace on the confines of Casey.

—The Philadelphia Abattoir Company burned with valuable machinery, 1,000 carcasses of dressed beef and 10,000 green hides. Loss \$375,000; insured.

—Geo. Brown, convicted in Cincinnati of criminal assault on girls under 14 years of age, was sentenced to the penitentiary for 15 years. Brown made a practice of enticing little girls to his room and robbing them.

—Deputy Joe Rhineheart and others captured Jack Asher, a desperate murderer who killed his nephew, Hal Asher, a month or so ago and made his escape. The officers located him in an old barn. He had fortified the place and was well supplied with food and ammunition. It was only by setting fire to the barn that the officers drove him out.

—The sesqui-centennial of St. John's Episcopal church, Richmond, Va., was celebrated with impressive ceremonies. Bishop Randolph preached and gave a history of the parochial work, and in the evening Hon. William Wirt Henry delivered an address on the connection of the church with the political history of the country. It was in this building that the Virginia convention of 1775 assembled and Patrick Henry sounded the keynote of the revolution. The present occasion was commemorated by placing in the chancel an exquisite angle lectern as a thank offering.

## Williamsburg News, and Other Matters.

WILLIAMSBURG, June 14.—Judge Boyd and others spoke here Monday against the new constitution and Forester, of Harlan, spoke in favor of it. Col. David Y. Little and I will speak one night this week against it. Please publish in your paper in every issue from now till county court day in July that I will speak in Stanford on that day against the new constitution.

The trial of the Howards, Magraws and Fees now going on for the murder of James T. Middleton. They asked a severance and Fee is now on trial. There are 102 witnesses for the commonwealth and 50 for the defendant. The witnesses come from Harlan and the witnesses fees including mileage will be \$2,000 in each case. What an enormous expense to the people of Kentucky! There are 22 lawyers employed, 11 for the commonwealth and the same number for defendant. Nearly every prominent lawyer in the mountains employed. The commonwealth's attorneys are headed by the distinguished prosecuting attorney, Col. A. R. Clark, with Hon. David Y. Little, Dishman, French, Lester, Unthank, Bobbitt and others. The defendants' attorneys are ex-Congressman Finley, Forester, Moore, Hall, Ewell, Crawford, Mason and others. It will take 10 days to try the defendant now on trial.

Judge Boyd is the most industrious judge I ever saw. He convenes court at 7 A. M. and adjourns between 5 and 6 P. M. with a short hour's recess for dinner. He may be a little slow, as some say, but when he strikes a blow with that judicial hammer his ponderous strokes reverberate throughout the temple of justice and he is nearly always correct, and he is so impartial in his rulings. He has no favorite members of the bar, or if he has he conceals it well.

The people here are doing well and are law-abiding and most orderly. The juries are the best I ever saw. Educational facilities are very fine, and the prettiest woman I have seen in two weeks' stay here came from Gum Sulphur in Rockcastle.

The gallant David Y. Little is offering \$15,000 cash for a young wife. He is coming to Lincoln to hunt for one in July. He says the reason why he wants a young wife is because he knows he can't continue much longer upon this mundane sphere, and he wants to leave a beautiful, blooming, wealthy young widow to weep bitter tears upon his new made grave. FORT, FOX BOWTIE.

## MATRIMONIAL MATTERS.

—The last of nine maiden sisters, who all lived to a ripe old age, has just died at Lebanon, Pa.

—Judge Varnon united in marriage, Friday, Anton Thoma and Amelia Mente, a couple of Swiss colonists, aged 46 and 33.

—Miss Minerva Walters Letcher, of Richmond, will wed Mr. E. L. Starling, Sr., of Henderson, to-morrow. The prospective bride is a daughter of Col. W. R. Letcher.

—Mr. J. F. Grant, of the Middlesboroough Pioneer Foundry, and Miss Charlotte Spencer, an accomplished young English lady formerly of London but late of this country, will be married at high noon to-day, Tuesday, at Danville. Thence on a bridal tour west.

A GRAND AFFAIR.—Miss Virginia Bowman entertained some 60 of her friends with a dancing party at her home in Lexington last week, which is very elaborately described by the Transcript. The house was beautifully decorated and everything combined to make the evening a delightful one. The hostess and her mother are thus depicted:

Miss Virginia Bowman, although the possessor of a self possession of manner, credit, stateliness of bearing, that would do credit to a woman of the world, is in reality only 14 years of age, and cannot claim to be even a debutante, that most attractive and fascinating of all creatures. Her gown was a very simple one of white Paris muslin, with blue ribbon trimmings, and drawn up in baby fashion over the shoulders, leaving the plump, well-formed neck bare, which gleamed as white as marble beside the soft curls of her dusky hair. Mrs. Bowman, who with her pretty youthful face and figure, seems as if she must be Miss Virginia's sister, instead of mother, wore a becoming gown of black net, with natural flowers.

WILLOW GROVE.—Mr. Fount D. Myers has been confined to his room for several days with what he pronounces "a stitch in the back." Mrs. G. T. Kelley sent us a large basket of vegetables, which in these dry times, is a mighty big thing. It can be truthfully remarked that this family is among the cleverest and most industrious in Kentucky. I know of one lady who has spelled 154 words out of the letters in the "Green Briar Springs" problem and she is still putting them down at the rate of several a minute. There was a neighborhood racket yesterday afternoon, confined to two young men, when a rock was thrown and a gun drawn, but no bloody corpse was left on the battle field, and hence details are unnecessary.

## CRAB ORCHARD.

—The blackberry crop in this section will be the finest seen for years.

—The W. C. T. U. medal contest will occur to-morrow night at College Hall.

—The 5 o'clock south-bound freight killed a good work horse for Patent Moore Sunday morning.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Anderson have moved in from the country and gone to housekeeping in the Buchanan building on Springs Avenue.

—Master Fred Newland, who was six years old Friday, was given an excellent supper by his mother, to which quite a number of his little boy and girl friends were invited and feasted bountifully on confections, cakes and ices.

—Some predatory scoundrel made a raid upon Mrs. J. H. Stephens poultry yard a few nights ago and relieved it of ten or a dozen fine frying chickens. A load of buckshot ought to be kept in readiness for such depredators.

—The Rowland school, which has been secured by J. A. Chappell, is one of the best in the county, numbering 130 pupils, and Mr. Chappell is fortunate in securing it, but not more fortunate than the district, which has in the principal and his talented assistant, Miss Mary Hill Vanoy, the right faculty to insure a flourishing school.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hutchison are in from Pineville to visit relatives. J. W. James arrived from Liverpool, Fla., Friday. Mr. John Curtis, who has for several months been engaged in business at Middlesboro, is at his father's, Mr. Monroe Curtis. Mr. J. L. Nelson, the clever and popular operator in Mrs. Newland's office, took a "lay off" Friday and went up to East Bernstadt to visit his home folks. He returned Sunday, accompanied by his sister, Miss Norah, who is the guest of Mrs. Newland.

—"Aunt" Katie George, or rather Dollins, whose name appeared in this column a week or two ago, says that it was the first time that her name was ever in print and she is 92 years old, having been born the last year of the last century. Her maiden name was Owsley and she has had the good fortune to marry three times. Her first husband was Stephen Sampson, from whom she separated. She then married Bob George, a wealthy widower of Knox county, and after his death she became the wife of William Dollins, who also died, leaving her a widow. She is a cousin of Hon. John Sam Owsley, of Stanford, and is perhaps the oldest living representative of the Owsley family, once noted and still prominent in Central Kentucky. With the exception of blindness and deafness the old lady enjoys pretty good health and bids fair to round out a century of existence.

## FARM AND TRADE ITEMS.

—No. 2 red wheat is quoted at \$1.01 in Cincinnati.

—The Louisville Stock-yards were destroyed by fire. Loss, \$15,000.

—W. P. Givens sold to a Lexington party a combined 3-year-old mare for \$275.

—B. F. Robinson, of Garrard, bought of William Gooch 9 butcher cattle at 2½ cents.

—Wanted 50 head cattle to graze on good grass. Address J. K. Vanarsdale, Stanford.

—D. N. Prewitz bought of Jonathan Owsley a bunch of yearling heifers at 2½ cents.

—We will sell shipstuffs for a few days at \$12 per ton, for cash only. New Stanford Roller Mill Co.

—The Register says Col. Irvine bought of J. H. Fisher, of Boyle, two South-down bucks at \$10 and \$50.

FOR SALE!—A No. 1 young milk cow, first calf. She is a cross with Holstein and Jersey. W. F. McClary.

—Dr. Nave ran second again in a handicap sweepstake at St. Louis Saturday. Virge d'Or won in 1:57½, distance 1½ miles.

FOR SALE!—Sixty head of cattle, 2-year-old steers and heifers, also several yokes of good work cattle. Apply to R. H. Bronaugh, Crab Orchard.

—John B. Kennedy sold to Lehman, of Baltimore, 100 fat cattle that will average 1,500 pounds, at 5½ cents, to be delivered July 1.—Paris Kentuckian.

—The stable of John V. Robinson, near Winchester, was destroyed by fire. A large amount of grain and two valuable horses were burned to death. Loss \$2,500.

—The Woodburn herd of short-horns from Spring Station, Ky., sold in Chicago at \$195 to \$820, the 30th Duke of Airdrie, calved June 12, 1890, bringing the latter sum.

—Dr. Nave ran second in Ozark Stakes at St. Louis, 1½ miles. W. G. Morris won in 2:25½. Judge Morrow another horse raised by Jim Guest ran second the same day at Morris Park.

## CUMBERLAND FALLS HOTEL.



OPENS JUNE 15, 1891.

MRS. NANNIE W. OWENS & J. B. COOK, Proprietors.



TERMS:  
Per day ..... \$2 00 Per Week..... \$10 00  
Servants (white)..... 7 50 Servants (colored)..... 5 00  
Children under 10 years, half price.  
For further information, address OWENS & COOK, Hustonville, or Cumberland Falls, Ky.

**THE WILLARD,**  
—LATE ALEXANDER'S HOTEL—  
THOROUGHLY RENOVATED AND IMPROVED.  
Rates \$2.50 Per Day.  
Cor. Jefferson, Center and Green Streets, opposite Court-House, LOUISVILLE, KY.  
W. R. LOGAN, Manager.  
A. W. Jones, J. J. Sullivan, J. L. Marshall, Clerks.

**The Old Reliable Jeweler in the Lead.**

**A. R. Penny**  
Has the largest and MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF  
Watches and Jewelry  
ever shown in Stanford at prices as low as the lowest.  
Remember that I have one of the best watch-makers in the State, who can do anything in Watch or Jewelry Repairing. Don't have to send jobs to the city. Engraving of all kinds beautifully done. Old gold and silver taken at market price. Your trade and work is solicited and I guarantee satisfaction.  
A. R. PENNY.

A. C. SINE J. N. MENEFFEE  
**Stanford Lumber Yard,**  
The best selected stock and lowest prices in Central Kentucky.  
LUMBER, SASH, FLOORING,  
LATH, DOORS, CEILING,  
SHINGLES, BLINDS, SIDING,  
Verandah and Stairwork at city prices.  
**WOVEN WIRE AND SLAT FENCE**  
We carry a full stock of everything found in a  
**FIRST-CLASS LUMBER YARD.**  
Examine our designs and specifications before letting your contract or building.  
SINE & MENEFFEE, Stanford, Ky.

STANFORD, KY., - JUNE 16, 1891

ILLUSTRATIVE of that want of precision in the proposed constitution which, if it be adopted, will furnish the occasion of much litigation, we cite the 212 section. "Any president, director, manager, cashier, or other officer of a banking institution or association for the deposit or loan of money, or individual banker, who shall receive or assent to the receiving of deposits after he shall have knowledge of the fact that such banking institution or association or individual banker is insolvent, shall be individually responsible for such deposits so received, AND SHALL BE GUILTY OF FELONY and subject to such punishment as shall be prescribed by law." There is a principle involved in this section which is right enough. But unquestionably the kind of deposit, which, we assume out of respect for the intelligence of the convention, was contemplated, should have been specified. As applied to banks and banking the word "deposit" embraces both a general deposit and a special deposit. Doubtless the convention intended the former but unfortunately that intention is not expressed.

By a general deposit, which is by far the more common one, the depositor parts with the title to his money and loans it to the banker, and the banker in consideration of the loan and the right to use the money for his own profit agrees to refund the amount, or any part thereof, on demand. The relation between the two is that of debtor and creditor.

As to a special deposit, an entirely different principle prevails. The depositor does not part with the title to the money or the thing deposited any more than the owner of a horse parts with the title to the animal when he leaves him at a livery stable for feed and grooming.

The purpose of the convention was proper enough. The object, doubtless, was to prevent failing banks from receiving general deposits. The reason for this is clear. If the bank should become insolvent the general deposits pass into the hands of a receiver and become assets in his hands for the benefit of all the creditors, and the general depositor gets only his ratable share. In case, however, the deposit is special, the title remaining in the depositor, it is not possible for him to suffer any loss by reason of the bank's insolvency. The thing deposited remains his own and forms no part of the bank's assets.

To illustrate: A depositor specially with one of the Stanford banks a case of silverware. At the time of its receipt the bank is verging on insolvency and the officers know it. Nevertheless, the deposit is safely kept for the depositor. And this, by the way, is all that is to be done with a special deposit. The crash comes and the affairs of the bank are wound up. The only requirement of the depositor is that he go and claim his property. This he does and it is returned to him. He has suffered no loss and it is not legally possible for him to have sustained loss by reason of the insolvency of the institution. Yet under the section quoted, the officers are all guilty of felony. This is the law as it is written. No distinction is made between general and special deposits.

It is quite a common thing for business men to deposit at a bank for safe keeping a deed, a contract, a will, a certificate of stock or other paper of value. Such deposits are special. The bank derives no advantage from them, and only consents to receive them as a matter of accommodation to the depositor and because of its superior facilities for safely keeping papers.

It would be a great hardship, indeed it would be an outrage, upon the officers of the bank to punish them as felons for doing an act of neighborly kindness from which not only no loss to any one ensues, but from which a positive advantage results. But all the same, such will be the law if the constitution is adopted.

People may say such a law as this will never be enforced. Possibly, probably not! But in that very fact lies the greatest danger to civil government. When laws are so unwise or so inequitable that the people will not enforce them, a habit of disobedience to law is engendered. A spirit of revolution is born. One man or one faction will say, if this law can be violated with impunity why may not another? If another may, why not all of them? The argument thus progresses until that temper and disposition are bred which will refuse obedience to any law which restrains the violent or punishes the wicked.

This section illustrates another evil of the constitution beside this one adverted to. It shows the superlative folly of prostituting an organic law to the purposes of a penal code. A constitutional convention should as rigidly abstain from mere legislation as should a legislative assembly from constitution making.

The Frankfort Argus says there are 905 prisoners in the State penitentiary, where there is cell room for but 750. The branch penitentiary is also full to overflowing and something has to be done soon to relieve the pressure. The convicts now number 1,450 and every court in the 119 counties augments the grand army.

THE State Central Committee has issued an address to the democrats of Kentucky urging them not to let any side issue divert their allegiance or diminish their influence and adds: "The fight is still being waged for the supremacy of the right to reduce your taxes to a legitimate limit. No organization for the protection of particular interests, nor your views as to the merits of the old or the new constitution have any concern with your democracy. One is no less a democrat who entertains whatever opinion he may choose on these questions. 'He is a democrat that votes the democratic ticket.' Democrats of Kentucky see to it that the majority in August shall not only justify, but increase the claims of your State to her pre-eminence in the annals of democracy, so long brilliantly sustained."

THAT dirty, low-down, contemptible infidel, Charles C. Moore, who having played out at everything else, is now trying to make his bread and butter by pandering to the lowest instincts of the prohibition cranks, devotes the most of the last issue of his filthy sheet, the Blue Grass Blade, to the editor of this paper, who would have been serenely unconscious of the attack had not a friend called our attention to it. We have no space to bandy words with such a low down liar, even if we had the inclination. His vapors can not hurt us and if they are pleasing to a certain class of creatures, who hate us with a cowardly hate, he can keep them up, so long as he maintains his distance and comes not within the range of our boot or cane.

THE papers are making a great ado over an alleged secret meeting of prominent republicans at Indianapolis for the purpose of side-tracking Harrison and pushing Blaine to the front. The statement is made that our own Col. Bradley was present and pledged Kentucky to the Planned Knight. An executive committee was appointed by the gathering to call a future meeting and take other steps necessary to secure the end in view. There is no more doubt that Blaine is the choice of the majority of the republicans for the presidency than that he is one of the greatest statesmen of his day in either party.

THE State Central Committee has made out a list of appointments for Hon. John Young Brown, democratic nominee for governor, which applies as follows to this part of the State: Somerset June 22, Stanford 24, Harrodsburg July 11, London July 22, Barbourville July 23, Middlesboro July 25, Williamsburg July 27, Greensburg July 29 and Columbia July 30. Maj. Wood, the republican candidate, will meet Mr. Brown, it is said, at some of these appointments.

COL. Wood, the republican candidate for governor, opened the canvass at Lexington last week. His speech was the same one Col. Bradley delivered in the last campaign, spoken without the latter's force and fire, and produced no enthusiasm. Wood may commit to memory the speeches of the Garrard man, but he can never learn his captivating manner of firing it at an audience.

THE convention to nominate a senator in the 26th district, which met at Falmouth, divided into two factions, one of which nominated W. V. Weldon and the other S. W. Bradford, both from the same county. There was great disorder and the whole thing was a disgrace to democrats. A republican will no doubt beat them both unless a compromise can be effected.

THE democratic candidates for State offices will doubtless ignore the new constitution in their speeches at the convention. The committees have decided that it is in no sense a political question and left every man to vote or speak as he pleases on it. The republican attempt to lug it in as an issue in the campaign will if they don't look out act as a boomerang.

PHILADELPHIA has a treasurer now who will not steal everything he can get his hands on. The supreme court has decided that the governor has the right to appoint instead of the city council, and Gov. Pattison has named Redwood Wright for the place. The people of the Quaker City are to be congratulated.

IN order to gull the uninitiated public the secretary of the treasury is going to change the style of book-keeping and count gross assets as money no matter what is charged against them. The surplus of over \$100,000,000 has been dissipated and something had to be done to keep up appearances.

THE State Farmer, devoted to the interests of the farmer and the laboring class generally, with a leaning to the third party business, has made its appearance at Somerset. J. F. McQuerry is editor, assisted by V. M. Doolin and J. T. Barron.

THE best thing we have read in connection with the late press meeting is Mr. Charles M. Meacham's "Printer's Pl." The tall, strawberry blonde of Christian is not only an orator, but a wit of purest ray serene.

THE Danville Advocate's Centre College number was a triumph in description, illustration and typography, and will no doubt be prized as a souvenir of the most noted occasion in the life of the great school.

LORD, how this world is given to lying. Especially the papers which advocate the new constitution! They are claiming that Mr. Watterson has denied the authorship of any of the anti-constitution articles in the Courier-Journal and thereby try to have the inference that he is for the instrument. Mr. Watterson did say he had not written a line of the matter, but he took occasion to say he was the sole editor of the paper and responsible for every editorial utterance in it, and was very heartily opposed to the adoption of the new constitution.

A DISPATCH to the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette from its Washington correspondent says the friends of Mr. Blaine are disgusted as well as inignant over the recent Indianapolis conference. These friends take the very correct and dignified position that if a point is reached where Mr. Blaine sees fit to make known that he has concluded to be a candidate for the presidential nomination, he will not choose to have the announcement follow as the result of secret deliberation by a score or so of men who have been embittered by failure to obtain office.

IN serio-comic-tragic tones Wood, the republican who thinks he is running for governor, shouts "defeat me rather than the constitution." Brer Wood need waste no breath in such an appeal. He is not in it and the new constitution is almost as bad off.

## NEWSY NOTES.

—The prohibitionists of Ohio have nominated a candidate for governor and adopted a white rose for an emblem.

—The railroads have made a rate to the G. A. R. meeting at Detroit next month of one fare for the round-trip.

—There are now 19,373 newspapers printed in the United States and Canada, a gain of 1,613 over last year's record.

—The bank examiner who let the Keystone National of Philadelphia get its depositors so badly, has been fired by the treasury authorities.

—A. V. Howell, of Atlanta, shot and killed without warning W. J. McGrath, whom he suspected of writing an insulting letter to his wife.

—The Central National Bank of Broken Bow, Neb., has closed its doors. Crop failures and poor investments are alleged as causes of the failure.

—The cases against Drs. Blackburn and Grant, of Louisville, for robbing graves at New Albany, when one of the party was killed, have been dismissed.

—At Rushville, Ind., James Story was sentenced to 14 years and \$200 fine for procuring an abortion on Flora Carmichael, from the effects of which she died.

—Assistant Secretary of Interior Bussey has decided where a mother's dependence is proven the question of her remarriage is not material to the case.

—The London Echo says that "Little Dick" Ewell, who we take it is a son of the Little Red Hog, got mad at his horse for which he had refused \$140 and killed him with a club.

—Prohibition was defeated in Bath county at a recent election by a majority of 250. The county voted whisky out two years, but seems to have acquired a thirst since that time.

—The noted short-horn bull case of Megibben vs. Bedford is on trial this week at Versailles, with Senator Carlisle, ex Gov. Porter, Billy Breckinridge and other noted lawyers on one side or the other.

—A mob of 1,000 people took Bob Clark, negro, from jail at Bristol, Tenn., and hung him with a trace chain. He was accused of raping Mrs. John Warren, but the evidence was wholly circumstantial.

—Twenty-five coal cars broke loose from a train climbing the mountain near Altoona, and after rushing down three miles at a fearful speed jumped the track and reduced the mass to splinters. Three men were killed.

—The Fayette county democratic primaries resulted in the nomination of F. A. Bullock for county judge and D. A. James and Capt. W. H. May for representatives in the Lower House of the Legislature.

—The Hardin county grand jury failed to find a true bill against Moore for the assassination of his brother-in-law, Showers, but there are nineteen indictments against him for forging witness claims against the Commonwealth.

—The coroner's jury in the Snook-Herr wedding feast poisoning, declare that they are satisfied that the victims were poisoned by something in the food, but the nature of that poison they were unable to determine from the evidence.

—A runaway freight train on the Knoxville, Cumberland Gap & Louisville Railroad collided with a hand-car, instantly killing three prominent farmers named Sam Post, Cy Cline and Ed Daniels, besides crippling a number of section men.

—The Middlesborough Electric Scale Company has been organized, with a capital of \$100,000. A site has been donated by the town company, and work will begin on the plant at once. The new company already has orders to the amount of \$120,000.

—The Burnet House, Cincinnati, has been leased perpetually to Dunklee, Zimmerman & Green at \$33,950 for the first year and \$27,500 a year thereafter, the lessees to pay all taxes and assessments. At the expiration of 10 years they have an option on it at \$650,000.

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White Goods, 5c for checked goods worth 7 1-2c; 8 1-3 for Plaid and Striped Goods, 12 1-2c; 10c for fine goods worth 15 and 18c; 15c for Pique worth 25c; Black Lace Flouncing 65c for Lace worth \$1.25; 75c for Lace worth \$1.25. Dress Goods, 40c for all wool goods worth 65c; 20c for 36-in. wide all wool filling goods worth 35c; 15c for Plaid and Striped Serges worth 25c; 18c for Mohair worth 35c. Clothing, Shoes, Slippers, Hats, Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth and Trunks at your own prices. We have just received Five Hundred pairs of Pants which will be sold at less than manufacturers' prices. We will pay the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE FOR EGGS.

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A. URBANSKY, Proprietor.

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Main Street, Stanford, Ky.

—Every member of the city council of Lexington was indicted for misfeasance in office—licensing a pool room without warrant of law.

—Several of the leading Knights of Labor were convicted of conspiracy and rioting during the great strike at Uniontown, Pa., and given two years.

—Pineville has organized a new bank to be called the First National. J. F. Sinsler was elected president, J. S. Bingham vice-president and J. R. Rice is cashier. O. V. Riley is one of the directors. The capital is \$50,000, half paid up.

—Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, has signed the congressional redistricting bill passed by the legislature as reported by the special committee, and it is now the law. Under it the democrats will be able to elect 6 of the 13 congressmen, instead of two.

—The charge that those who oppose the new constitution are the tools of monopolists is too silly to be given serious attention. As a rule it is made by blackmailers of the deepest dye, who themselves are in the habit of making war in order to extort tribute.—Paducah Standard.

—The new 52-ton steel breech-loading cannon, the largest ever made in this country, is ready for its final test. It will stand a charge of 490 pounds of powder, and is calculated to pierce a wrought iron shield of 32 inches, and to have an effective range of 15 miles.

—Some dirty scoundrels drew an obscene picture of Rev. Burnett, the pastor of the Methodist church at Bohon, Mercer county, and placed it on the door. They also cut a vulgar sentence on the inside walls. The people are greatly incensed and have offered a good reward for the brutes.

—Sunday a heavily laden excursion train in Switzerland broke through an iron bridge, killing 60 persons outright and injuring hundreds of others.

—The Reformed Presbyterian church which recently expelled six ministers for the awful sin of voting at a public election is a small sect, having no connection with the General Assembly which met at Detroit.

—At the General Assembly of the Southern Presbyterian Church, just held at Birmingham, Ala., the following statistics were given: Churches, 2,400; ordained ministers, 1,179; elders, 7,530; deacons, 5,611; communicant members, 168,791; scholars in Sabbath schools, 111,271. Its contributions for all purposes amounted during the year ending last spring to nearly \$1,750,000.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE  
**Cumberland Valley  
Land Company**

Are notified that there will be an election held at the First National Bank,

STANFORD, : : KENTUCKY

—ON—

Wednesday, July 15, 1891,

To select nine Directors for the Company; and at the same time and place the old Board of Directors will hold their regular annual meeting. All the members of the Board are earnestly requested to be present.

VINCENT BOREING, Pres.,  
J. S. HOCKER, Secretary,  
C. V. Land Co.

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Also nice line of Ladies' and Children's Shoes and Oxford Ties. Nice line of Worsted and Alpaca Coats and Vests, Men's and Boys' Straw Hats, all fresh—no old goods in stock.

Highest market price paid for Cross Ties, Wool, Gengseng, Feathers, &c.

W. E. PERKINS,

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Cages for your dear little pets;  
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